

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission file number: 0-28740

BioScrip, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or Other Jurisdiction
of Incorporation or Organization)

05-0489664

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

100 Clearbrook Road, Elmsford, NY
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

10523
(Zip Code)

(914) 460-1600

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

On August 1, 2005, there were outstanding 37,045,726 shares of the registrant's common stock, \$.0001 par value per share.

INDEX

PART I FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Page Number

Item 1. Financial Statements

[Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004](#) 1

[Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004](#) 2

[Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004](#) 3

[Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements](#) 4

[Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations](#) 15

[Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk](#) 23

[Item 4. Controls and Procedures](#) 24

PART II OTHER INFORMATION

[Item 1. Legal Proceedings](#) 25

[Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders](#) 25

[Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K](#) 26

SIGNATURES 27

[EX-10.1: EMPLOYMENT OFFER LETTER](#)

[EX-10.2: EMPLOYMENT OFFER LETTER](#)

[EX-10.3: AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO CHANGE OF CONTROL SEVERANCE AGREEMENT](#)

[EX-31.1: CERTIFICATION](#)

[EX-31.2: CERTIFICATION](#)

[EX-32.1: CERTIFICATION](#)

[EX-32.2: CERTIFICATION](#)

PART I
FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

BIOSCRIP, INC
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(in thousands, expect per share data)

	<u>June 30, 2005</u> (unaudited)	<u>December 31, 2004</u>
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,443	\$ 2,957
Accounts receivable (net of allowances of \$3,989 and \$3,240, respectively)	109,137	65,439
Inventory	23,484	11,897
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	2,618	2,112
Short-term deferred taxes	5,713	2,798
Total current assets	<u>146,395</u>	<u>85,203</u>
Property and equipment, net	8,018	4,300
Long term deferred taxes, net	—	2,383
Goodwill	116,245	74,874
Intangible assets, net	18,540	17,583
Deferred acquisition costs	—	1,702
Other assets, net	<u>710</u>	<u>427</u>
Total assets	<u>\$289,908</u>	<u>\$186,472</u>
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities:		
Line of credit	\$ —	\$ 7,303
Accounts payable	30,263	20,012
Claims payable	26,917	28,659
Payables to plan sponsors	2,167	2,217
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	11,528	12,598
Total current liabilities	<u>70,875</u>	<u>70,789</u>
Deferred taxes	2,529	—
Shareholders' equity:		
Common stock, \$.0001 par value: 40,000 shares authorized, 36,901 and 22,307 shares outstanding at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004, respectively	4	2
Treasury stock, 2,198 shares at cost at June 30, 2005 and December 31, 2004	(8,002)	(8,002)
Additional paid-in capital	233,723	131,031
Accumulated deficit	<u>(9,221)</u>	<u>(7,348)</u>
Total shareholders' equity	<u>216,504</u>	<u>115,683</u>
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	<u>\$289,908</u>	<u>\$186,472</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

BIOSCRIP, INC
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(In thousands, except per share data)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenue	\$286,617	\$154,125	\$475,015	\$302,178
Cost of revenue	256,104	137,275	424,055	268,364
Gross profit	30,513	16,850	50,960	33,814
% of Revenue	10.6%	10.9%	10.7%	11.2%
Selling, general and administrative expenses	27,587	12,607	43,872	25,102
Amortization of intangibles	1,956	768	2,847	1,408
Special charges	5,886	—	5,886	—
Merger and integration expenses	747	—	1,134	—
Total operating expenses	36,176	13,375	53,739	26,510
% of Revenue	12.6%	8.7%	11.3%	8.8%
(Loss) income from operations	(5,663)	3,475	(2,779)	7,304
Interest income (expense), net	12	(231)	(141)	(427)
(Loss) income before taxes	(5,651)	3,244	(2,920)	6,877
(Benefit) provision for income taxes	(2,111)	1,298	(1,047)	2,751
Net (loss) income	\$ (3,540)	\$ 1,946	\$ (1,873)	\$ 4,126
Basic (loss) income per share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.19
Diluted (loss) income per share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.18
Basic weighted-average shares	36,829	22,214	31,238	22,187
Diluted weighted-average shares	36,829	22,780	31,238	22,724

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

BIOSCRIP, INC
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(in thousands)
(unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004
Operating activities		
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,873)	\$ 4,126
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,538	1,045
Amortization	2,847	1,408
Tradenam e writeoff	5,756	—
Non cash stock compensation	57	44
Change in deferred tax	(1,747)	—
Provision for losses on receivables	2,018	776
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of acquired assets:		
Receivables, net	(3,057)	(3,683)
Inventory	(1,926)	1,681
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	772	768
Accounts payable	5,176	(3,278)
Claims payable	(1,742)	2,799
Payables to plan sponsors and others	(49)	(8,592)
Accrued expenses	(16,091)	103
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(8,321)</u>	<u>(2,803)</u>
Investing activities		
Purchases of property and equipment, net of disposals	(1,486)	(355)
Cash acquired (used in) acquisition, net	16,992	(14,256)
Decrease (increase) in other assets	1,563	(24)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>17,069</u>	<u>(14,635)</u>
Financing activities		
(Repayments) borrowings on line of credit, net	(7,303)	10,585
Principal payments on capital lease obligations	(34)	(197)
Proceeds from exercise of stock options	1,075	588
Principal payments on short term debt	—	(467)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	<u>(6,262)</u>	<u>10,509</u>
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	2,486	(6,929)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>2,957</u>	<u>9,428</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	<u>\$ 5,443</u>	<u>\$ 2,499</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION		
Cash paid during the period for interest	<u>\$ 317</u>	<u>\$ 387</u>
Cash paid during the period for income taxes	<u>\$ 2,109</u>	<u>\$ 1,810</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

BIOSCRIP, INC.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Numbers in thousands, except per share amounts)

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements, notes and information included in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 (the “Form 10-K”) of BioScrip, Inc. (“BioScrip” or the “Company”) filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“the Commission”) under the Company’s former name “MIM Corporation” on March 4, 2005. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (“GAAP”) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by GAAP for complete audited financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the consolidated balance sheets and statements of operations and cash flows for the periods presented have been included. Operating results for the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2005 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2005. The accounting policies followed for interim financial reporting are similar to those disclosed in Note 2 of Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in Form 10-K. These accounting policies are described further below.

Consolidation

The condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries. On March 12, 2005, the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding stock of Chronimed, Inc. (“Chronimed”) (see Note 4 of Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements). Since that time, Chronimed’s financial results have been consolidated within the Company’s financial statements. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits, lockbox deposits, money market accounts and overnight investment accounts with maturities of 90 days or less from the date of purchase. Cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair market value.

Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from plan sponsors under the Company’s pharmacy benefit management (“PBM”) agreements, estimated amounts due from pharmaceutical manufacturers for rebates, service fees resulting from the distribution of certain drugs to their enrollees through retail and other pharmacies, amounts due from certain third party payors, patient co-payments and patient co-insurance.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Allowances for doubtful accounts are based on estimates of losses related to customer receivable balances. The Company estimates the allowance for doubtful accounts based upon a variety of factors including the age of the outstanding receivables and our historical experience of collections. The Company continually reviews the estimation process and makes changes to estimates as necessary. Bad debt expense is recorded as an operating expense in the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations. The receivables acquired in conjunction with the acquisition of Chronimed are recorded net as of March 12, 2005 and their related pre-acquisition allowances are not reflected in the allowance balances noted on the face of the balance sheet.

[Table of Contents](#)

Allowance for Contractual Discounts

The Company is reimbursed for the drugs and services it sells by many different third party payors including insurance companies, Medicare and state Medicaid programs. The Company estimates an allowance for contractual discounts based on historical experience and in certain cases on a customer-specific basis given its interpretation of the contract terms or applicable regulations. However, the reimbursement rates are often subject to interpretation that could result in payments that differ from the Company's estimates. Updated regulations and contract negotiations occur frequently, necessitating the Company's continual review and assessment of the estimation process. Estimated contractual discounts are recorded as an offset to revenue in the Company's Consolidated Statements of Income.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method or the average cost method, depending on the related pharmacy system. Inventory consists principally of goods held for resale. Included in the net inventory is a reserve for obsolete inventory.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of assets. The estimated useful lives of the Company's assets are as follows:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
Computer and office equipment	3-5 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-7 years

Leasehold improvements and leased assets are amortized using the straight-line method over the related lease term or estimated useful life of the assets, whichever is less. The cost and related accumulated depreciation of assets sold or retired are removed from the accounts with the gain or loss, if applicable, recorded in the statement of operations. Maintenance and repair costs are expensed as incurred.

Impairment of Long Lived Assets

We evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the remaining estimated useful life of long lived assets, including intangible assets, may warrant revision or that the remaining balance of an asset may not be recoverable. The measurement of possible impairment is based on the ability to recover the balance of assets from expected future operating cash flows on an undiscounted basis. Impairment losses, if any, would be determined based on the present value of the cash flows using discount rates that reflect the inherent risk of the underlying business. In the second half of 2005, we will be pursuing a rebranding strategy to the single brand of BioScrip. As a result of this strategy the value of the trade names associated with Natural Living and Vitality Home Infusion has been eliminated, and these assets have been removed from our balance sheet. This resulted in a special charge of \$5.8 million in the second quarter of 2005.

Purchase Price Allocation

We account for acquisitions under the purchase method of accounting. Accordingly, any assets acquired and liabilities assumed are initially recorded at their estimated fair values. The final recorded values of assets and liabilities are determined based on third party estimates and independent valuations. Accordingly, our financial position or results of operations may be affected by changes in estimates and judgments used to value these assets and liabilities.

Payables to Plan Sponsors

Payables to plan sponsors represent the sharing of pharmaceutical rebates with the plan sponsors and, on a limited basis, profit sharing plans with certain contracts in the PBM services segment.

The Company estimates the portion of those pharmacy rebates that are shared with plan sponsors and adjusts pharmacy rebates payable to plan sponsors when the amounts are paid, typically on a quarterly basis in arrears, or as significant events occur. These estimates are accrued periodically based on actual and estimated claims data and agreed upon contractual rebate sharing rates. The Company adjusts these estimates on a periodic basis based on changing circumstances such as contract modifications, product mix subject to rebates, and changes in the applicable formulary.

Revenue Recognition

The Company generates revenue principally through the sale of prescription drugs, which are dispensed either through a pharmacy participating in the Company's retail pharmacy network in the PBM Services segment or by a pharmacy owned by the Company. Revenue is primarily derived under fee-for-service agreements. Prescription drug revenue is offset by the rebates shared with plan sponsors.

Table of Contents

Fee-For-Service Agreements. Fee-for-service agreements include: (i) specialty and mail service agreements, where the Company dispenses prescription medications through its own pharmacy facilities, and (ii) PBM agreements, where prescription medications are dispensed through pharmacies participating in the Company's retail pharmacy network as well as through the Company's mail service facility. Under fee-for-service agreements, revenue is recognized either: (a) when the pharmacy services are reported to the Company through the point of sale ("POS") claims processing system and the drug is dispensed to the member, in the case of a prescription filled through a pharmacy participating in the Company's retail pharmacy network, or (b) at the time the drug is shipped or picked up at a pharmacy, in the case of a prescription filled through a pharmacy owned by the Company.

Revenue generated under PBM agreements is classified as gross or net by the Company based on whether the Company is acting as a principal or an agent in the fulfillment of prescriptions through its retail pharmacy network. When the Company has a contractual obligation to pay a network pharmacy provider for benefits provided to its plan sponsors' members, and has other indications of risk and reward, the Company includes payments (which includes the drug ingredient cost) from these plan sponsors as revenue and payments to the network pharmacy providers as cost of revenue, as these transactions require the Company to assume credit risk and act as a principal. If the Company merely acts as an agent, and consequently administers plan sponsors' network pharmacy contracts, the Company does not assume credit risk and records only the administrative fees (and not the drug ingredient cost) as revenue.

Co-Payments; Co-Insurance. When prescriptions are filled and the Company is acting as a participating pharmacy in another PBM's or payor's pharmacy network, the Company collects and retains co-payments or co-insurance from plan sponsors' members and records these receipts as revenue when the amounts are collected or deemed collectible and reasonably estimable. When prescriptions are filled through pharmacies participating in the Company's retail pharmacy networks, the Company is not entitled to retain co-payments and co-insurance and accordingly does not account for retail pharmacy co-payments or co-insurance in its financial statements. In its capacity as a PBM, pharmacy network co-payments and co-insurance are never billed or collected by the Company and the Company has no legal right or obligation to receive them as they are collected by its network pharmacies.

Cost of Revenue

Cost of revenue includes the costs of pharmaceutical purchases, fees paid to pharmacies, shipping and other direct and indirect costs associated with pharmacy management, claims processing operations and mail order services, offset by volume rebates received from pharmaceutical manufacturers.

Income Taxes

As part of the process of preparing the Company's consolidated financial statements, management is required to estimate income taxes. The Company accounts for income taxes under SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes*. SFAS No. 109 requires the use of the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred taxes are determined by calculating the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial accounting and tax bases of existing assets and liabilities. The resulting deferred tax assets and liabilities are included in the Company's consolidated balance sheets. A valuation allowance is recorded against deferred tax assets when, in the opinion of the Company's management, it is more likely than not that the Company will not be able to realize the benefit from its deferred tax assets.

Disclosure of Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist mainly of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and the line of credit. The carrying amounts of all of these financial instruments approximate fair value due to their fully liquid or short-term nature.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for employee stock and stock-based compensation plans through the intrinsic value method in accordance with APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* ("APB 25") as permitted by SFAS No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation* ("SFAS No. 123") and as such, generally we do not currently recognize compensation expense for employee stock options.

On December 16, 2004, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 123 (revised 2004), *Share-Based Payment* ("SFAS No. 123(R)"), which is a revision of SFAS No. 123. SFAS No. 123(R) supersedes APB 25 and

[Table of Contents](#)

amends SFAS No. 95, *Statement of Cash Flows*, to require that excess tax benefits be reported as a financing cash inflow rather than as a reduction of taxes paid. Generally, the approach to estimating the fair value of options in SFAS No. 123(R) is similar to the approach described in SFAS No. 123. However, SFAS No. 123(R) requires all share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, to be recognized in the income statement based on their fair values. Pro forma disclosure will no longer be permissible as an alternative under GAAP principles. SFAS No. 123(R) must be adopted no later than the first quarter of 2006.

The Company will adopt the fair value-based method of accounting for share-based payments effective January 1, 2006. Had we adopted SFAS No. 123(R) in prior periods, the impact of that standard would have approximated the impact of SFAS No. 123 as described in the disclosure of pro forma net income and earnings per share below.

The Company's compensation cost for stock option plans for employees and directors, had it been determined in accordance with the fair value method prescribed by SFAS No. 123, would have been as follows for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004:

	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Net (loss) income, as reported	(3,540)	\$1,946	(1,873)	\$ 4,126
Add: Stock award-based employee compensation included in reported net income, net of related tax effect	\$ 5	\$ 5	\$ 10	\$ 9
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effect	\$ (400)	\$ (906)	\$ (775)	\$(1,754)
Pro forma net (loss) income	<u>(3,935)</u>	<u>\$1,045</u>	<u>(2,638)</u>	<u>\$ 2,381</u>
(Loss) earnings per share:				
Basic — as reported	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.19
Basic — pro forma	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.05	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.11
Diluted — as reported	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.06)	\$ 0.18
Diluted — pro forma	\$ (0.11)	\$ 0.05	\$ (0.08)	\$ 0.10

As pro forma compensation expense for options granted is recorded over the vesting period of options, future pro forma compensation expense may be greater as additional options or awards are granted.

NOTE 2 — EARNINGS PER SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic income per common share and diluted income per common share. For the quarter and year ended June 30, 2005 common stock equivalents are not included as they would be antidilutive.

[Table of Contents](#)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Numerator:				
Net (loss) income	<u>\$ (3,540)</u>	<u>\$ 1,946</u>	<u>\$ (1,873)</u>	<u>\$ 4,126</u>
Denominator — Basic:				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	<u>36,829</u>	<u>22,214</u>	<u>31,238</u>	<u>22,187</u>
Basic (loss) income per common share	<u>\$ (0.10)</u>	<u>\$ 0.09</u>	<u>\$ (0.06)</u>	<u>\$ 0.19</u>
Denominator — Diluted:				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	36,829	22,214	31,238	22,187
Common share equivalents of outstanding stock options	<u>—</u>	<u>566</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>537</u>
Total diluted shares outstanding	<u>36,829</u>	<u>22,780</u>	<u>31,238</u>	<u>22,724</u>
Diluted (loss) income per common share	<u>\$ (0.10)</u>	<u>\$ 0.09</u>	<u>\$ (0.06)</u>	<u>\$ 0.18</u>

NOTE 3 — OPERATING SEGMENTS

The Company operates in two reportable segments: (1) Specialty Services, which is comprised of specialty pharmacy distribution and clinical management services; and (2) PBM Services, which is comprised of fully integrated pharmacy benefit management and traditional mail services. Corporate overhead is allocated between the two segments based on total selling, general and administrative expenses for each segment. All of the activities related to the acquisition of Chronimed, with the exception of corporate overhead, have been included in the Specialty Services segment.

The quarter and year to date loss from operations in the Specialty Services segment includes \$6.6 million and \$7.0 million, respectively in special charges for the write off of intangible assets and merger and integration costs. The allocated corporate overhead includes expenses that the Company expects to eliminate by the first quarter of 2006 as part of its merger cost savings efforts.

Segment Reporting Information

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Revenue:				
Specialty Services	\$ 193,114	\$ 60,457	\$ 288,876	\$ 118,173
PBM Services	93,503	93,668	186,139	184,005
Total	<u>\$ 286,617</u>	<u>\$ 154,125</u>	<u>\$ 475,015</u>	<u>\$ 302,178</u>
Depreciation expense:				
Specialty Services	\$ 685	\$ 199	1,058	\$ 410
PBM Services	213	291	480	635
Total	<u>\$ 898</u>	<u>\$ 490</u>	<u>\$ 1,538</u>	<u>\$ 1,045</u>
(Loss) income from operations:				
Specialty Services	\$ (6,547)(1)	\$ 2,525	\$ (5,479)(1)	\$ 6,183
PBM Services	883	950	2,700	1,121
Total	<u>\$ (5,663)</u>	<u>\$ 3,475</u>	<u>\$ (2,779)</u>	<u>\$ 7,304</u>
Total assets:				
Specialty Services			\$ 230,449	118,452
PBM Services			59,459	\$ 61,399
Total			<u>\$ 289,908</u>	<u>\$ 179,851</u>
Capital expenditures:				
Specialty Services	\$ 902	\$ 172	\$ 1,035	\$ 213
PBM Services	208	62	451	142
Total	<u>\$ 1,110</u>	<u>\$ 234</u>	<u>\$ 1,486</u>	<u>\$ 355</u>

(1) The three months ended June 30, 2005 includes \$5,886 of special charges and \$747 of merger expenses, the six months ended June 30, 2005 includes \$5,886 of special charges and \$1,134 of merger expenses.

The following table sets forth significant customer(s) by segment:

	For the three months ended June 30,		For the six months ended June 30,	
	2005	2004	2005	2004
Significant customer A				
PBM Services:				
Revenue	\$ 31,147	\$ 24,624	\$ 59,615	\$ 49,481
% of Total Revenue	11%	16%	13%	16%
Significant customer B				
PBM Services:				
Revenue	\$ 28,795	\$ 25,795	\$ 57,130	\$ 49,960
% of Total Revenue	10%	17%	12%	16%
Specialty Services:				
Revenue	\$ 4,907	\$ 4,139	\$ 9,571	\$ 7,865
% of Total Revenue	2%	2%	2%	3%

NOTE 4 – ACQUISITIONS*Chronimed Inc. Acquisition*

On March 12, 2005 the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding stock of Chronimed in a stock-for-stock transaction pursuant to which each share of Chronimed common stock was exchanged for 1.12 shares of the Company's common stock. The results of operations of Chronimed were included in the Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations beginning March 12, 2005. The acquisition of Chronimed added an additional 28 specialty pharmacies throughout the U.S. to the Company's existing pharmacies. Chronimed's operations have been included in the Specialty Services segment. The acquisition has been accounted for in accordance with SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*, from the date of acquisition.

The aggregate purchase price paid for Chronimed was \$105,258, including direct expenses of \$3,692 associated with the acquisition. The 14,381 shares of common stock exchanged and 2,612 stock options assumed in the acquisition were valued using the average market price of the Company's common stock during the period beginning two days before and ending two days after the revised merger agreement was announced. The purchase price has been allocated on a preliminary basis to the acquired assets and liabilities based on management's estimates of their fair value and a preliminary independent valuation. The purchase price will be finally determined based on an independent valuation which may result in adjustments to management's estimates. As part of the purchase accounting, Chronimed's receivables are recorded net as of March 12, 2005 and their related pre-acquisition allowances are not reflected in the allowance balances noted on the face of the balance sheet.

As part of the merger, the Company consolidated Chronimed's Minnetonka, Minnesota mail service operations into the Company's higher capacity mail distribution operation in Columbus, Ohio and closed the Minnetonka mail facility. Total severance costs for the closing of the Minnetonka facility are expected to be approximately \$1,200. Of that amount \$161 was paid prior to the merger as a current period expense and \$939 was accrued for in the first quarter of 2005 and is included in the purchase price. The following table outlines severance costs that were accrued for at March 12, 2005 and subsequently paid out by June 30, 2005.

2005 Severance Costs — Chronimed
(\$ in thousands)

Liability assumed 3/12/05	\$ 939
Payment during Q105	(8)
Additional liability recorded Q205	74
Payments during Q205	(1,005)
Ending liability at June 30, 2005	\$ —

[Table of Contents](#)

The following table sets forth the allocation of the purchase price as of June 30, 2005.

Purchase Price Allocation (in thousands)	
Purchase price:	
Value of stock exchanged	\$ 90,196
Value of stock options assumed	11,370
Transaction costs	<u>3,692</u>
Total purchase price	\$105,258
Less: net tangible assets as of March 12, 2005	<u>54,426</u>
Excess of purchase price over net tangible assets acquired	<u>\$ 50,832</u>
Preliminary allocation of excess purchase price:	
Customer lists and non compete agreements	\$ 9,560
Goodwill	<u>41,272</u>
Total	<u>\$ 50,832</u>

The following table sets forth the estimated fair value of the assets and liabilities acquired with the purchase of Chronimed.

(in thousands)	
Cash and short term investments	\$ 20,788
Accounts receivable	42,659
Inventory	9,661
Prepays and other current assets	1,278
Fixed assets	3,771
Long term assets	143
Total assets acquired	\$78,300
Accounts payable	(\$ 5,075)
Accrued expenses	(14,042)
Accrued severance	(1,013)
Deferred tax liability	(3,744)
Total liabilities assumed	(\$23,874)
Net tangible assets acquired	<u>\$54,426</u>

The following unaudited condensed consolidated pro forma financial information for the three and six months ended June 30, 2005 and 2004, respectively, has been prepared assuming Chronimed was acquired as of January 1, 2004, utilizing the purchase method of accounting, with pro forma adjustments for amortization of intangibles associated with the acquisition. The number of basic and diluted shares has also been adjusted assuming the exchange ratio of 1.12 shares of common stock of the Company exchanged for each outstanding share of Chronimed common stock. The three and six month periods ended June 30, 2005 include pretax expense of \$747 and \$3,171, respectively, for merger and integration expenses. The periods ending June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004 include pretax amortization expense of \$1,289 and \$1,264, respectively, associated with the Chronimed acquisition. A more detailed reconciliation of the pro forma Statement of Operations can be found in Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Result of Operations in Item 2 of this report. The pro

[Table of Contents](#)

forma financial information is presented for informational purposes only and is not necessarily indicative of the results that would have been realized had the acquisition occurred on January 1, 2004. This pro forma information is not intended to be a projection of future operating results.

Pro forma Statements of Operations
(in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three months ended June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	2004 (Unaudited)	Six months ended June 30, 2005 (Unaudited)	2004 (Unaudited)
Revenue	\$286,617	\$311,784	\$589,094	\$602,178
Net income	\$ (3,540)	\$ 3,206	\$ (2,698)	\$ 6,143
Basic income per common share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.17
Diluted income per common share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.09	\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.16

Natural Living Acquisition

On February 2, 2004 the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding stock of Natural Living, Inc., d/b/a Fair Pharmacy, a specialty pharmaceutical provider located in Bronx, New York for \$15,000 in cash. The acquisition enhanced the Company's HIV, Oncology and Hepatitis C disease therapies and was incorporated into the Company's Specialty Services segment.

Had this acquisition taken place on January 1, 2004, consolidated sales and income would not have been significantly different from the year to date 2004 reported amounts.

NOTE 5 – RESTRUCTURING

The acquisition of Chronimed has resulted in the consolidation of certain finance and information technology functions. The Company's Rhode Island offices, which include the finance and information technology functions, will be closed as a result of these consolidations. These functions are being transitioned to the Company's Minnesota offices. Accordingly, there have been and will continue to be severance and exit costs associated with these consolidations.

In association with the consolidation of the finance and information technology departments, on March 4, 2005 the Company notified 67 employees that their employment with the Company would be involuntarily terminated. Of these 67 employees, approximately 45 employees support the Specialty Services segment with the balance supporting the PBM Services segment. Transition plans are being finalized, but substantially all employees are expected to be terminated by December 31, 2005. Estimated severance costs in connection with this restructuring are being recorded in accordance with SFAS No. 146, *Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities* ("SFAS 146"), with the expense being allocated over the estimated retention period of employees. As of June 30, 2005, three employees affected by the consolidation have been terminated. The balance are still actively employed and on the Company's payroll. The total estimated restructuring costs for the consolidation of these two departments are expected to be approximately \$2,000. Severance costs of \$602 were recorded in selling, general and administrative expenses for employee separation costs in the second quarter of 2005, in connection with the termination of these employees as reflected below. Total severance costs recorded for the six months ended June 30, 2005 was \$800.

2005 Severance Costs — Rhode Island
(\$ in thousands)

Liability at March 31, 2005	\$198
Payments	(45)
Provisions	602
Ending liability at June 30, 2005	\$755

NOTE 6 – LITIGATION MATTERS

On August 16, 2004, a lawsuit encaptioned Unger v. Chronimed Inc., et al. was filed in the District Court in Hennepin County, Minnesota against Chronimed and each of its then current directors. On December 10, 2004, an amended complaint was filed to add an additional plaintiff and the Company as a defendant. The lawsuit alleges, among other things, that in structuring the terms of the proposed merger, each of the members of Chronimed’s Board of Directors breached their respective fiduciary duties to Chronimed’s shareholders and personally benefited Henry F. Blissenbach, who was then serving as Chronimed’s, and currently serves as the Company’s, Chief Executive Officer, as well as other members of Chronimed’s management. Chronimed and the individual defendants deny the allegations, believe the action is without merit and intend to vigorously defend against these allegations. To that end, we filed a motion to dismiss plaintiff’s claims. On May 10, 2004 the Minnesota District court dismissed plaintiff’s claims without prejudice. On July 1, 2005, plaintiff filed a motion to amend the dismissed complaint and a motion to vacate the court’s dismissal of the action with leave to amend the dismissed complaint. A hearing on those motions has been scheduled for October 11, 2005.

On February 14, 2005, a complaint was filed in the Alabama Circuit Court for Barbour County, captioned Eufaula Drugs, Inc. v. ScripSolutions [sic]. The complaint pleads breach of contract and related legal claims on behalf of a putative nationwide class of pharmacies alleging insufficient reimbursement for prescriptions dispensed, principally on the theory that ScripSolutions, one of the Company’s subsidiaries, was obligated to update its prescription pricing files on a daily, rather than weekly, basis. ScripSolutions removed the case to the United States Federal District Court for the Middle District of Alabama in April 2005. The plaintiff moved to remand the action to state court, which ScripSolutions opposed; the motion is awaiting decision. ScripSolutions also moved in May to dismiss the complaint on jurisdictional grounds or to transfer the matter to a federal court in New York or Rhode Island. Plaintiff recently filed its opposition and ScripSolutions will file a reply, at which point the motion will await decision. ScripSolutions has not filed an answer to the complaint and no other proceedings have occurred. ScripSolutions intends to deny the plaintiff’s allegations and defend the claims vigorously. The action is one of approximately 14 substantially identical actions commenced in Alabama courts against Pharmacy Benefit Management companies.

The Company has been informed by the office of the United States Attorney in Boston, Massachusetts, that its Chronimed Holdings, Inc. dba StatScript Pharmacy subsidiary (“StatScript”), along with other parties, are defendants in a lawsuit filed in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts under the so-called “qui tam” provisions of the False Claims Act (the “Act”). A qui tam action is a civil lawsuit brought by one or more individuals (a qui tam “relator”) for an alleged submission to the federal government of a false claim for payment. The complaint has been filed under seal and has not been served on or provided to the Company or StatScript. The United States has a right to intervene in the action but has not yet determined whether to do so. The U.S. Attorney’s office has advised the Company that the allegations relate to distribution of a pharmaceutical product and that StatScript submitted Medicaid reimbursement claims during the years 1997 through 2000 aggregating approximately \$17.5 million. The Company does not know what relief is sought in the complaint. The Act provides for recovery of up to three times the amount of false claims, penalties, and interest. At this time, BioScrip cannot determine what defenses it may have to the allegations of the complaint or estimate the amount of damages in the event of an adverse ruling.

NOTE 7 – CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The following table outlines contracts with Plan Sponsors having revenues and/or accounts receivable that individually exceeded 10% of the Company’s total revenues and/or accounts receivable during the applicable time period:

[Table of Contents](#)

	Plan Sponsor	
	A	B
Year-to-date period ended June 30, 2004		
% of total revenue	16%	19%
% of total accounts receivable at period end	*	16%
Year-to-date period ended June 30, 2005		
% of total revenue	13%	14%
% of total accounts receivable at period end	*	10%

* Less than 10%.

Plan Sponsor (A) is in the PBM Services segment

Plan Sponsor (B) revenue and accounts receivable is primarily in the PBM Services segment with a lesser amount in the Specialty Services segment.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements, including the notes thereto, and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2004 (the "Form 10-K") filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"), as well as our unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the related notes thereto included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2005 (this "Report").

This Report contains statements not purely historical and which may be considered forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), including statements regarding our expectations, hopes, beliefs, intentions or strategies regarding the future. These forward looking statements may include statements relating to our business development activities, sales and marketing efforts, the status of material contractual arrangements, including the negotiation or re-negotiation of such arrangements, future capital expenditures, the effects of regulation and competition on our business, our future operating performance and the results, benefits and risks associated with the integration of acquired companies. Investors are cautioned that any such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, that actual results may differ materially from those possible results discussed in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors. These factors include, among other things, increased government regulation related to the health care and insurance industries in general and more specifically, pharmacy benefit management and specialty pharmaceutical distribution organizations, the existence of complex laws and regulations relating to our business, increased competition from our competitors, including competitors with greater financial, technical, marketing and other resources. This Report contains information regarding important factors that could cause such differences. Except as required by law, we do not undertake any obligation to supplement these forward-looking statements to reflect any future events and circumstances.

Business Overview

We provide comprehensive pharmaceutical care solutions. We partner with healthcare payors, government agencies, physicians, and patients to deliver cost effective prescription medication and/or clinical management programs that enhance the quality of patient life. These services are organized under two reportable operating segments: specialty pharmacy distribution ("Specialty Services") and pharmacy benefit management and mail services (collectively, "PBM Services").

Our specialty services capabilities include the distribution of medications manufactured to improve the care of individuals with complex health conditions such as HIV/AIDS, Cancer, Immunodeficiency Disorders (IVIG), Hepatitis C, Rheumatoid Arthritis, Multiple Sclerosis, and Organ Transplantation. We have 30 retail locations in 25 major urban markets across the U.S., providing specialty prescription drug access nationwide in most urban communities in a high-touch community-based environment. Specialty services are primarily offered to members who are chronically ill, genetically impaired, or afflicted with potentially life threatening diseases. Specialty services are also offered to physicians (in group practice and hospital settings) on behalf of their patients. These physicians typically have network affiliations with Plan Sponsors, who in turn have a relationship with us.

As part of our PBM and Specialty Services, we offer our customers a wide selection of clinical services including pharmacy case management, therapy assessment, compliance monitoring, health risk assessment, patient education and interaction evaluation, pharmacy claims processing, mail service and related prescription distribution, benefit design consultation, drug utilization review, formulary management and consultation, drug data analysis, drug interaction management, program management and pharmaceutical rebate administration.

On March 12, 2005 we acquired all of the issued and outstanding stock of Chronimed, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries "Chronimed") in a stock-for-stock transaction valued at \$105.3 million. Pursuant to the terms of the acquisition, each share of Chronimed common stock was exchanged for 1.12 shares of our common stock. In conjunction with the merger we changed our name from MIM Corporation to BioScrip, Inc. The acquisition of Chronimed added an additional 28 specialty pharmacies throughout the U.S. The acquisition complements the Company's business model and provides a platform for continued growth. The operations and financial results of Chronimed are included in the Specialty Services segment. The acquisition has been recorded using the purchase method of accounting in accordance with SFAS No. 141, *Business Combinations*.

Critical Accounting Policies

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States (“GAAP”). In preparing our financial statements, we are required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. We evaluate our estimates and judgments on an ongoing basis. We base our estimates and judgments on historical experience and on various other factors that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Our actual results may differ from these estimates, and different assumptions or conditions may yield different estimates. The following discussion highlights what we believe to be the critical accounting policies and judgments made in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

We generate revenue principally through the sale of prescription drugs, which are dispensed either through a pharmacy participating in our retail pharmacy network in the PBM Services segment or by a pharmacy owned by us. Revenue is recognized either: (a) when the pharmacy services are reported to us through the point of sale (“POS”) claims processing system and the drug is dispensed to the Member (in the case of a prescription filled through a pharmacy participating in our retail pharmacy network), or (b) at the time the drug is shipped (in the case of a prescription filled through a pharmacy owned by us). The share of any rebates paid to our plan sponsors is recorded as a reduction of revenue.

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Allowances for doubtful accounts are based on estimates of losses related to customer receivable balances. The procedure for estimating the allowance for doubtful accounts requires significant judgment and assumptions. The risk of collection varies based upon the product, the payor and the patient’s ability to pay the amounts not reimbursed by the payor. We estimate the allowance for doubtful accounts based upon a variety of factors including the age of the outstanding receivables and our historical experience of collections, adjusting for current economic conditions and, in some cases, evaluating specific customer accounts for risk of loss. We continually review the estimation process and make changes to the estimates as necessary.

Allowance for Contractual Discounts

We are reimbursed for the drugs and services we sell by various types of payors including insurance companies, Medicare and state Medicaid programs. Revenues and related accounts receivable are recorded net of payor contractual discounts to reflect the estimated net billable amounts for the products and services delivered. We estimate the allowance for contractual discounts based on historical experience and in certain cases on a customer-specific basis given our interpretation of the contract terms or applicable regulations. However, the reimbursement rates are often subject to interpretation that could result in payments that differ from our estimates. Additionally, updated regulations and contract negotiations occur frequently, necessitating our continual review and assessment of the estimation process.

Rebates

Manufacturers’ rebates are recorded as estimates until such time as the rebate monies are received. These estimates are based on historical results and trends and are revised on a regular basis depending on our latest forecasts. Should actual results differ, adjustments will be recorded in future earnings. In some instances rebate payments are shared with our managed care organizations. Shared rebates are recorded as a reduction of revenue. Total rebates are recorded as a reduction of cost of goods sold.

Purchase Price Allocation

We account for acquisitions under the purchase method of accounting. Accordingly, any assets acquired and liabilities assumed are initially recorded at their estimated fair values. The final recorded values of assets and liabilities are determined based on third party estimates and independent valuations. Accordingly, our financial position or results of operations may be affected by changes in estimates and judgments used to value these assets and liabilities.

[Table of Contents](#)

Income Taxes

As part of the process of preparing our consolidated financial statements, we are required to estimate income taxes. The Company accounts for income taxes under SFAS No. 109, *Accounting for Income Taxes* ("SFAS No. 109"). SFAS No. 109 requires the use of the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes. Under this method, deferred taxes are determined by calculating the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial accounting and tax bases of existing assets and liabilities. The resulting deferred tax assets and liabilities are included in our consolidated balance sheet. A valuation allowance is recorded against deferred tax assets when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that we will be able to realize the benefit from the deferred tax assets. Deferred tax assets that will be utilized within twelve months are classified as current assets.

Impairment of Long Lived Assets

We evaluate whether events and circumstances have occurred that indicate the remaining estimated useful life of long lived assets, including intangible assets, may warrant revision or that the remaining balance of an asset may not be recoverable. The measurement of possible impairment is based on the ability to recover the balance of assets from expected future operating cash flows on an undiscounted basis. Impairment losses, if any, would be determined based on the present value of the cash flows using discount rates that reflect the inherent risk of the underlying business. In the second half of 2005, we will be pursuing a rebranding strategy to the single brand of BioScrip. As a result of this strategy the value of the trade names associated with Natural Living, Inc. and Vitality Home Infusion Services, Inc. has been eliminated, and these assets have been removed from our balance sheet. This resulted in a special charge of \$5.8 million in the second quarter of 2005.

Effective January 1, 2002 we adopted SFAS No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets* ("SFAS No. 142"). This statement addresses the accounting and reporting of goodwill and other intangible assets subsequent to their acquisition. Since adoption of SFAS No. 142 in July 2001, amortization of goodwill has discontinued and goodwill is reviewed at least annually for impairment.

We evaluate goodwill for impairment based on a two-step process. The first step compares the fair value of a reporting unit with its carrying amount, including goodwill. If the fair value of a reporting unit exceeds its carrying amount, goodwill of the reporting unit is not impaired and the second step of the impairment test is unnecessary. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit exceeds its fair value, the second step of the goodwill impairment test is necessary to measure the amount of impairment loss, if any. The second step compares the implied fair value of reporting unit goodwill with the carrying amount of that goodwill. If the carrying amount of the reporting unit goodwill exceeds the implied fair value of that goodwill, an impairment loss would be recognized in an amount equal to that excess. We have two reporting units and both of the fair values of the reporting units exceeded their carrying amounts resulting in no impairment charges in fiscal year 2004.

Results of Operations

The tables below present the reconciliation between GAAP (reported) and non-GAAP (pro forma) results of the Company, assuming the acquisition of Chronimed had occurred on January 1, 2004. Related estimated amortization expense is added, and the adjusted shares reflect the conversion of Chronimed shares at the 1.12 exchange ratio for comparative purposes. We believe this information to be more helpful in gaining an understanding of future results and trends. In the following Management's Discussion and Analysis we provide discussion of both reported results as set forth in the Financial Statements and the pro forma results as presented in the tables below.

Pro Forma Consolidated Results
(in thousands, except per share and percentage data)
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2005	Three Months Ended June 30, 2004			Pro Forma Combined
	BioScrip as Reported	MIM Corp.	Chronimed	Pro Forma Adjustment	
Revenue	\$286,617	\$154,125	\$157,659	\$ —	\$311,784
Cost of revenue	256,104	137,275	140,868	—	278,143
Gross profit	30,513	16,850	16,791	—	33,641
% of Revenue	10.6%	10.9%	10.7%		10.8%
Operating expenses					
Selling, general and administrative expenses	27,587	12,607	13,577	—	26,184
Amortization of intangibles	1,956	768	—	1,264 (1)	2,032
Special charges	5,886				
Merger and integration expenses	747	—	—	—	—
Total operating expenses	36,176	13,375	13,577	1,264	28,216
% of Revenue	12.6%	8.7%	8.6%		9.0%
(Loss) income from operations	(5,663)	3,475	3,214	(1,264)	5,425
Interest income (expense), net	12	(231)	62	—	(169)
(Loss) income before income taxes	(5,651)	3,244	3,276	(1,264)	5,256
Income tax (benefit) expense	(2,111)	1,298	1,245	(493)	2,050
Net (loss) income	\$ (3,540)	\$ 1,946	\$ 2,031	\$ (771)	\$ 3,206
Basic weighted average shares	36,829	22,214			36,390
Diluted weighted average shares	36,829	22,780			37,271
Basic net (loss) income per share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.09			\$ 0.09
Diluted net (loss) income per share	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.09			\$ 0.09

(1) Reflects estimated amortization expense for the entire quarter

[Table of Contents](#)

Pro Forma Consolidated Results
(in thousands, except per share and percentage data)
(unaudited)

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2005				Six Months Ended June 30, 2004			
	MIM Corp. As Reported	Chronimed Pre-Merger	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma Combined	MIM Corp. As Reported	Chronimed	Pro Forma Adjustments	Pro Forma Combined
Revenue	\$475,015	\$114,079	\$ —	\$589,094	\$302,177	\$300,001		\$602,178
Cost of revenue	424,055	101,155	—	525,210	268,363	267,844		536,207
Gross profit	50,960	12,924	—	63,884	33,814	32,157		65,971
% of Revenue	10.7%	11.3%		10.8%	11.2%	10.7%		11.0%
Operating expenses								
Selling, general and administrative expenses	43,872	11,338		55,210	25,102	26,643		51,745
Amortization of intangibles	2,847	—	1,064(1)	3,911	1,408	—	2,528(1)	3,936
Special charges	5,886			5,886	—	—		—
Merger and integration expenses	1,134	2,037		3,171	—	—		—
Total operating expenses	53,739	13,375	1,064	68,178	26,510	26,643	2,528	55,681
% of Revenue	11.3%	11.7%		11.6%	8.8%	8.9%		9.2%
(Loss) income from operations	(2,779)	(451)	(1,064)	(4,294)	7,304	5,514	(2,528)	10,290
Interest income (expense), net	(141)	84	—	(57)	(427)	132		(295)
Other income	—	—	—	—	—	75		75
(Loss) income before income taxes	(2,920)	(367)	(1,064)	(4,351)	6,877	5,721	(2,528)	10,070
Income tax (benefit) expense	(1,047)	(143)	(464)	(1,653)	2,751	2,174	(998)	3,927
Net (loss) income	\$ (1,873)	\$ (223)	\$ (599)	\$ (2,698)	\$ 4,126	\$ 3,547	\$(1,530)	\$ 6,143
Basic weighted average shares	31,238			31,238	22,187			36,390
Diluted weighted average shares	31,238			31,238	22,724			37,267
Basic net (loss) income per share	\$ (0.06)			\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.19			\$ 0.17
Diluted net (loss) income per share	\$ (0.06)			\$ (0.09)	\$ 0.18			\$ 0.16

(1) Reflects estimated amortization expense for the entire period

Revenue. Reported revenue for the second quarter of 2005 was \$286.6 million compared to \$154.1 million for the second quarter of 2004. This increase was concentrated in the Specialty Services segment, and is primarily attributable to the acquisition of Chronimed (discussed in Note 4 of the Notes to the Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements). Revenue for the six months period ended June 30, 2005 was \$475.0 million compared to \$302.2 million for the same period in 2004. The majority of this increase is attributed to the Chronimed acquisition, which was not included in the 2004 results. The PBM Services segment revenue increased \$2.1 million to \$186.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005 from \$184.0 million for the same period in 2004. New members in existing contracts and additional contracts offset the termination of certain PBM clients, the most significant being Value Options, which terminated its contract effective November 30, 2004.

On a pro forma combined basis, revenue for the second quarter of 2005 was \$286.6 million compared to \$311.8 million for the same period in 2004, a \$25.2 million, or 8%, decrease. Second quarter 2005 Specialty Services revenue declined

Table of Contents

\$25.0 million, or 11%, from \$193.1 million to \$218.1 million for the same period last year, due primarily to the loss of the Aetna specialty pharmacy distribution contract that ended February 28, 2005. Revenue from Aetna was approximately \$31.0 million in last year's second quarter. PBM Services revenue, which includes traditional mail service, decreased for the second quarter of 2005 to \$93.5 million compared to \$93.7 million for the same period last year. PBM Services was impacted negatively by the loss of previously mentioned contracts, offset by continued growth from core customers.

Cost of Revenue and Gross Profit. Reported cost of revenue for the second quarter of 2005 was \$256.1 million compared to \$137.3 million for the same period in 2004. Gross margin as a percentage of revenue decreased to 10.6% in the second quarter of 2005 compared to 10.9% for the same period in 2004. The reported year to date cost of revenue was \$424.1 million for the period ended June 30, 2005 compared to \$268.4 for the period ended June 30, 2004. Gross margin as a percentage of revenue was 10.7% for the six months ended June 30, 2005 compared to 11.2% for the same period last year. These decreases are primarily a result of pricing pressures in the Specialty Services segment, particularly in specialty mail and infusion.

Pro forma combined cost of revenue decreased \$22.0 million, or 8%, from \$278.1 for the quarter ended June 30, 2004 to \$256.1 for the same period in 2005. Pro forma combined cost of revenue for the six months ended June 30, 2005 was \$525.2 million compared to \$536.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2004. As expected, we experienced a decline in gross margin as a percentage of revenue for the quarter and six months ended June 30, 2005 primarily as a result of continued downward pricing pressure in the Specialty Services segment, particularly in specialty mail and infusion. This decline was partially offset by gross margin rate increases in the PBM Services segment created by the loss of lower margin contracts.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses. For the three months ended June 30, 2005, selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A") increased to \$27.6 million, or 9.6% of total revenue, from \$12.6 million, or 8.2% of total revenue, for the same period a year ago. This increase in SG&A is the result of the addition of Chronimed's expenses for the entire period and includes certain duplicative expenses associated with the consolidation of operations. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, SG&A was \$43.9 million, or 9.2% of total revenue, compared to \$25.1, or 8.3% of total revenue, for the same period in 2004.

Pro forma SG&A for the second quarter of 2005 was \$27.6 million, or 9.6% of total revenue, compared to \$26.2 million, or 8.4% of total revenue, for the second quarter of 2004. For the six months ended June 30, 2005, pro forma SG&A was \$55.2 million, or 9.4% of total revenue, compared to \$51.7 million, or 8.6% of total revenue, for the same period in 2004. This higher level of spending does not reflect expected merger related cost savings.

We expect that SG&A expense combined with amortization expense will be between \$26 and \$27 million in the first quarter of 2006. This level of spending reflects expected cost savings related to the Chronimed merger.

Amortization of Intangibles. For the second quarter of 2005 we recorded amortization expense from intangibles of \$2.0 million compared to amortization expense of \$0.8 million in 2004. The preliminary valuation of the amortizable intangible assets associated with the acquisition of Chronimed is \$9.6 million. This acquisition resulted in a higher estimated amortization expense in the second quarter of 2005 compared to 2004. For the six months ended June 30, 2005 we recorded \$2.8 million of amortization expense compared to \$1.4 million in 2004. The increase in 2005 was the result of the estimated amortization expense associated with the Chronimed acquisition.

The pro forma amortization expense includes an estimated \$1.3 million of amortization of the intangible assets associated with the Chronimed acquisition for the quarters ended June 30, 2005 and June 30, 2004. Amortization expense for 2004 includes only five months of the amortization of intangible assets associated with the acquisition of Natural Living, Inc. in February of 2004, compared to six months of amortization of intangible assets in the current year.

Special Charges. During the second quarter of 2005, we wrote off the \$5.8 million balance of value of the trade name intangible assets associated with Vitality Home Infusion Services, Inc. and Natural Living. The rebranding of all of our business lines to a single brand, BioScrip, prompted the write off of these existing trade name intangible assets.

Merger and Integration Expenses. Merger and integration expenses for the second quarter of 2005 were \$0.7 million, consisting primarily of severance and consulting expenses. Merger and integration expenses for the six months of 2005 were \$1.1 million, consisting primarily of severance, legal fees and consulting expenses.

[Table of Contents](#)

Net Interest Income (Expense). Net interest income was \$0.01 million for the three months ended June 30, 2005 compared to net interest expense of \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004. Interest expense associated with our line of credit was lower in the second quarter of 2005 as our average borrowing levels were lower. Interest expense was further offset by interest income received on overnight investments of excess cash and the receipt of interest on a past due receivable. Net interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2005 was \$0.1 million compared to \$0.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005 for the same reasons stated above.

Pro forma net interest income was \$0.01 million for the three months ended June 30, 2005 compared to net interest expense of \$0.2 million for the three months ended June 30, 2004. Interest expense associated with the line of credit was lower in the second quarter of 2005 as the average borrowing levels were lower. Interest expense was partially offset by interest income received on short term investments, overnight investments of excess cash, and the receipt of interest on a past due receivable. Pro forma net interest for the six months ended June 30, 2005 was \$0.1 million compared to \$0.3 million for the same period a year ago.

Provision for Income Taxes. A tax benefit of \$2.1 million was recorded for the second quarter of 2005 compared to a tax expense of \$1.3 million for the same period last year. A \$1.0 million tax benefit was recorded for the first six months of 2005 compared to tax expense of \$2.8 million for the first six months of 2004. Certain merger expenses are not deductible for tax purposes and the tax benefit has been adjusted to reflect those expenses. We expect our effective tax rate to be approximately 38% in the second half of 2005.

On a pro forma basis the effective tax rate used in the year to date pro forma calculation of income taxes was 38% for 2005 and 39% for 2004. The pro forma income tax benefit was \$2.1 million for the second quarter of 2005 compared to income tax expense of \$2.0 million for the second quarter of 2004. For the six month period ended June 30, 2005 the pro forma income tax benefit was \$1.7 million compared to income tax expense of \$3.9 million for the six month period ended June 30, 2004.

Net Income and Earnings Per Share. We reported a net loss of \$3.5 million, or \$0.10 per diluted share, in the second quarter of 2005, compared to net income of \$1.9 million, or \$0.09 per diluted share, for the same period last year. The decline in net income is due to a decline in the gross margin rates primarily in the Specialty Services segment. It is also attributed to the write off of acquired trade names, merger and integration expenses and increased amortization expense due to the Chronimed acquisition. The number of average diluted shares in the second quarter of 2005 was 36,829 compared to 22,780 for the second quarter of 2004, due to the acquisition and the related issuance of stock. For the six months ended June 30, 2005 we recorded a net loss of \$1.9 million, or \$0.06 per diluted share. This compares to net income of \$4.1 million, or \$0.18 per diluted share, for the same period last year. We expect to incur additional merger and integration expenses for the balance of 2005, and into the first quarter of 2006. We expect that the amortization associated with the Chronimed acquisition will remain at \$1.3 million for the remainder of the year.

Pro forma net loss for the second quarter of 2005 was \$3.5 million, or \$0.10 per share, compared to pro forma net income of \$3.2 million, or \$0.09 per diluted share, for the second quarter of 2004. The variance is the result of the decline in revenue and related gross margin dollars, as well as a decline in the gross margin rates in the Specialty Services segment. It is also attributable to the trade name write off and increased merger and integration expenses. For the six months ended June 30, 2005 pro forma net loss is \$2.7 million, or \$0.09 per diluted share, compared to pro forma net income of \$6.1 million, or \$0.16 per diluted share, for the same period last year.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We utilize both funds generated from operations and available credit under the Facility (as defined below) for acquisitions, capital expenditures and general working capital needs.

For the six months ended June 30, 2005 net cash used in operating activities totaled \$8.3 million compared to \$2.8 million for the same period last year as a result of greater cash flow. Accrued expenses of \$16.1 million were paid in the first six months of 2005 including the earnout for the Natural Living acquisition, the Value Options settlement, merger costs and wholesaler inventory payments. Accounts receivable balances increased as a result of increased revenues at the dispensing pharmacies. Cash payments were partially offset by an increase in accounts payable caused by increased inventory and timing of payments. The operating cash used in the first six months of 2004 was primarily rebate share payments to plan sponsors, offset by a decrease in inventory.

Net cash provided by investing activities during the six months ended June 30, 2005 was \$17.1 million, primarily due to the acquisition of Chronimed which provided cash, net of acquisition costs, of \$17.0 million. This compares to \$14.6 million used in the same period in 2004, primarily for the acquisition of Natural Living.

For the six months ended June 30, 2005 net cash used in financing activities was \$6.3 million compared to net cash provided by financing activities of \$10.5 million for the same period in 2004, a \$17.8 million decrease from the same period in 2004. There were no outstanding bank borrowings at June 30, 2005 under our \$45 million revolving credit facility (the "Facility") with an affiliate of Healthcare Finance Group, Inc. ("HFG").

At June 30, 2005 we had working capital of \$75.5 million compared to working capital of \$14.4 million at December 31, 2004. This increase was primarily attributable to the addition of cash, accounts receivable and inventory acquired from Chronimed, and the reduction in the line of credit balance.

The Facility has a three-year term secured by our receivables with interest paid monthly. It provides for borrowings of up to \$45 million at the London Inter-Bank Offered Rate (LIBOR) plus 2.4%. The Facility contains various covenants that, among other things, require us to maintain certain financial ratios, as defined in the agreements governing the Facility. After the initial three-year term, the Facility automatically renews for additional one-year terms unless either party gives notice not less than 90 days prior to the expiration of the initial term or any renewal term of its intention not to renew the Facility. The Facility permits us to request an increase in the amount available for borrowing to up to \$100 million, subject to credit approval, as well as converting a portion of any outstanding borrowings from a Revolving Loan into a Term Loan. The borrowing base utilizes receivables balances, among other things, as collateral.

Our daily borrowings during the first six months of 2005 were \$364.3 million and \$371.6 million was repaid during the same period. At no point during the first six months did the line of credit balance exceed \$19.0 million.

On February 2, 2004, we acquired Natural Living for \$15 million in cash. Direct expenses associated with the acquisition were approximately \$0.5 million. The acquisition was paid for with proceeds from the Facility.

As revenue continues to grow, we anticipate that our working capital needs will increase. We believe that our cash on hand, together with funds available under the Facility and cash expected to be generated from operating activities will be sufficient to fund our anticipated working capital and other cash needs for at least the next twelve months.

We also may pursue joint venture arrangements, business acquisitions and other transactions designed to expand our Specialty Services and PBM Services businesses, which we would expect to fund from cash on hand, borrowings under the Facility, other future indebtedness or, if appropriate, the private and/or public sale or exchange of our debt or equity securities.

At December 31, 2004 we had Federal net operating loss carry forwards ("NOLs") of approximately \$16.7 million, which will begin expiring in 2009. These remaining federal NOLs will not affect our effective tax rate when utilized. Such NOLs are included in deferred tax assets on our balance sheet. We will receive a cash flow benefit from the reduction in our income tax liability when the remaining federal NOLs are utilized. Certain of the NOLs are subject to limitation and may be utilized in a future year upon release of the limitation. If the NOLs are not utilized in the year they are available they may be utilized in a future year to the extent they have not expired.

Other Matters

On August 16, 2004, a lawsuit encaptioned Unger v. Chronimed Inc., et al. was filed in the District Court in Hennepin County, Minnesota against Chronimed and each of its then current directors. On December 10, 2004, an amended complaint was filed to add an additional plaintiff and the Company as a defendant. The lawsuit alleges, among other things, that in structuring the terms of the proposed merger, each of the members of Chronimed's Board of Directors breached their respective fiduciary duties to Chronimed's shareholders and personally benefited Henry F. Blissenbach, who was then serving as Chronimed's, and currently serves as the Company's, Chief Executive Officer, as well as other members of Chronimed's management. Chronimed and the individual defendants deny the allegations, believe the action is without merit and intend to vigorously defend against these allegations. To that end, we filed a motion to dismiss plaintiff's claims. On May 10, 2004 the Minnesota District court dismissed plaintiff's claims without prejudice. On July 1, 2005, plaintiff filed a motion to amend the dismissed complaint and a motion to vacate the court's dismissal of the action with leave to amend the dismissed complaint. A hearing on those motions has been scheduled for October 11, 2005.

On February 14, 2005, a complaint was filed in the Alabama Circuit Court for Barbour County, captioned Eufaula Drugs, Inc. v. ScripSolutions [sic]. The complaint pleads breach of contract and related legal claims on behalf of a putative nationwide class of pharmacies alleging insufficient reimbursement for prescriptions dispensed, principally on the theory that ScripSolutions, one of the Company's subsidiaries, was obligated to update its prescription pricing files on a daily, rather than weekly, basis. ScripSolutions removed the case to the United States Federal District Court for the Middle District of Alabama in April 2005. The plaintiff moved to remand the action to state court, which ScripSolutions opposed; the motion is awaiting decision. ScripSolutions also moved in May to dismiss the complaint on jurisdictional grounds or to transfer the matter to a federal court in New York or Rhode Island. Plaintiff recently filed its opposition and ScripSolutions will file a reply, at which point the motion will await decision. ScripSolutions has not filed an answer to the complaint and no other proceedings have occurred. ScripSolutions intends to deny the plaintiff's allegations and defend the claims vigorously. The action is one of approximately 14 substantially identical actions commenced in Alabama courts against Pharmacy Benefit Management companies.

The Company has been informed by the office of the United States Attorney in Boston, Massachusetts, that its Chronimed Holdings, Inc. dba StatScript Pharmacy subsidiary ("StatScript"), along with other parties, are defendants in a lawsuit filed in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts under the so-called "qui tam" provisions of the False Claims Act (the "Act"). A qui tam action is a civil lawsuit brought by one or more individuals (a qui tam "relator") for an alleged submission to the federal government of a false claim for payment. The complaint has been filed under seal and has not been served on or provided to the Company or StatScript. The United States has a right to intervene in the action but has not yet determined whether to do so. The U.S. Attorney's office has advised the Company that the allegations relate to distribution of a pharmaceutical product and that StatScript submitted Medicaid reimbursement claims during the years 1997 through 2000 aggregating \$17.5 million. The Company does not know what relief is sought in the complaint. The Act provides for recovery of up to three times the amount of false claims, penalties, and interest. At this time, BioScrip cannot determine what defenses it may have to the allegations of the complaint or estimate the amount of damages in the event of an adverse ruling.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosure About Market Risk

Our exposure to market risk for changes in interest relate primarily to our debt. At June 30, 2005 we did not have any long-term debt. We do not invest in, or otherwise use, derivative financial instruments.

At June 30, 2005, the carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, claims payable, payables to plan sponsors and others, and debt approximate fair value due to their short-term nature.

Because management does not believe that our exposure to interest rate market risk is material at this time, we have not developed or implemented a strategy to manage this market risk through the use of derivative financial instruments or otherwise. We will assess the significance of interest rate market risk from time to time and will develop and implement strategies to manage that market risk as appropriate.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We maintain disclosure controls and procedures that are designed to assist management in recording, processing, summarizing and reporting on a timely basis information required to be disclosed by us in reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act, and that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

As of the end of the period covered by this Report, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 13d-15(e) and 15d-15(e)). Based on that evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this Report our disclosure controls and procedures were adequate to enable us to record, process, summarize and report information required to be in our periodic SEC filings within the required time.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As previously disclosed in our Form 10-K, management concluded that its internal control over financial reporting was not effective as of the end of the period covered by the Form 10-K, because of the following identified material weaknesses: the insufficient staffing of the accounting and financial reporting function principally due to the resignation in June 2004 of our Chief Accounting Officer, the resignation of our Chief Financial Officer on January 7, 2005, and the September 2004 resignation of our audit committee “financial expert”.

Management believes that all of the material weaknesses identified above have been remedied as of June 30, 2005. In the quarter ended March 31, 2005, two of the material weaknesses described above were remedied. We added a financial expert to our audit committee and named Gregory H. Keane our Chief Financial Officer. During the quarter ended June 30, 2005 we added a Controller who replaced the functions performed by our previous Chief Accounting Officer. Management believes that these actions fully remedy the previously identified material weaknesses. We invite the reader to refer to the full text of the Item 9A discussion in the Form 10-K.

**PART II
OTHER INFORMATION**

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

On August 16, 2004, a lawsuit encaptioned Unger v. Chronimed Inc., et al. was filed in the District Court in Hennepin County, Minnesota against Chronimed and each of its then current directors. On December 10, 2004, an amended complaint was filed to add an additional plaintiff and the Company as a defendant. The lawsuit alleges, among other things, that in structuring the terms of the proposed merger, each of the members of Chronimed's Board of Directors breached their respective fiduciary duties to Chronimed's shareholders and personally benefited Henry F. Blissenbach, who was then serving as Chronimed's, and currently serves as the Company's, Chief Executive Officer, as well as other members of Chronimed's management. Chronimed and the individual defendants deny the allegations, believe the action is without merit and intend to vigorously defend against these allegations. To that end, we filed a motion to dismiss plaintiff's claims. On May 10, 2004 the Minnesota District court dismissed plaintiff's claims without prejudice. On July 1, 2005, plaintiff filed a motion to amend the dismissed complaint and a motion to vacate the court's dismissal of the action with leave to amend the dismissed complaint. A hearing on those motions has been scheduled for October 11, 2005.

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The Company has been informed by the office of the United States Attorney in Boston, Massachusetts, that its Chronimed Holdings, Inc. dba StatScript Pharmacy subsidiary ("StatScript"), along with other parties, are defendants in a lawsuit filed in the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts under the so-called "qui tam" provisions of the False Claims Act (the "Act"). A qui tam action is a civil lawsuit brought by one or more individuals (a qui tam "relator") for an alleged submission to the federal government of a false claim for payment. The complaint has been filed under seal and has not been served on or provided to the Company or StatScript. The United States has a right to intervene in the action but has not yet determined whether to do so. The U.S. Attorney's office has advised the Company that the allegations relate to distribution of a pharmaceutical product and that StatScript submitted Medicaid reimbursement claims during the years 1997 through 2000 aggregating \$17.5 million. The Company does not know what relief is sought in the complaint. The Act provides for recovery of up to three times the amount of false claims, penalties, and interest. At this time, BioScrip cannot determine what defenses it may have to the allegations of the complaint or estimate the amount of damages in the event of an adverse ruling.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

- (a) On May 25, 2005, the Company held its Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "Annual Meeting").
- (b) At the Annual Meeting, the Company's stockholders elected Henry F. Blissenbach, Richard A. Cirillo, Charlotte W. Collins, Louis T. DiFazio, Richard H. Friedman, Myron Z. Holubiak, David R. Hubers, Michael Kooper, Richard L. Robbins and Stuart A. Samuels as directors to serve until the Company's next annual meeting.
- (c) At the Annual Meeting, Stockholders also ratified the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent auditors for the year ending December 31, 2005.

Table of Contents

Set forth below are the final results of the votes cast for those matters submitted to stockholders:

(i) Election of Directors:

	<u>For</u>	<u>Withheld</u>
Henry F. Blissenbach	33,696,572	293,000
Richard A. Cirillo	25,032,318	8,957,254
Charlotte W. Collins	33,815,378	174,194
Louis T. DiFazio	33,815,335	174,237
Richard H. Friedman	33,318,425	671,147
Myron Z. Holubiak	33,818,298	171,274
David R. Hubers	33,784,898	204,674
Michael Kooper	33,812,116	177,456
Richard L. Robbins	33,736,876	252,696
Stuart A. Samuels	33,812,928	176,644

(ii) Ratification of the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as the Company's independent auditors for the year ending December 31, 2005

<u>For</u>	<u>Against</u>	<u>Abstain</u>
33,650,119	253,289	86,164

(d) Not applicable.

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit 3.1	Second Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of BioScrip, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-4 (File No. 333-119098), as amended, which became effective on January 26, 2005)
Exhibit 3.2	Amended and Restated By-Laws of BioScrip, Inc. (Incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on May 15, 2003)
Exhibit 10.1	Employment Offer Letter dated July 18, 2005 from the Company to Gregory H. Keane
Exhibit 10.2	Employment Offer Letter dated July 18, 2005 from the Company to Anthony J. Zappa
Exhibit 10.3	Amendment No. 2, dated July 18, 2005, to Change of Control Severance Agreement of Anthony J. Zappa
Exhibit 31.1	Certification of Henry F. Blissenbach pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 31.2	Certification of Gregory H. Keane pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 32.1	Certification of Henry F. Blissenbach pursuant to 18 U.S. C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
Exhibit 32.2	Certification of Gregory H. Keane pursuant to 18 U.S. C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

BIOSCRIP, INC.

/s/ Gregory H. Keane

Gregory H. Keane, Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 9, 2005



July 18, 2005

Greg Keane
BioScrip

Dear Greg,

I am pleased that the BioScrip board of directors has approved the executive compensation arrangements. I want you to be part of the future success of the company and, accordingly, am pleased to formally extend to you this offer of continued employment with BioScrip. This offer of employment is in accordance with the June 14, 2004 Change of Control Severance Agreement between you and Chronimed, Inc (the "Agreement").

I believe this offer package is fair and competitive and provides substantial opportunity for you to share in the success of the integration process and the future growth of BioScrip. It is intended that the arrangements discussed here are privileged communications between you, the Compensation Committee, and myself and may not be disclosed or communicated without their consent.

Job Title and Authority

Your position would be Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer. In that capacity, you would be responsible for carrying out your responsibilities as per the attached job description.

Salary, Benefits and Annual Incentives

Your total cash compensation opportunity is \$460,625. It is derived as follows:

Your base salary would be \$275,000 per year, payable on a bi-weekly basis effective April 1, 2005. I have attached a summary of all employee benefit plans, programs and policies currently in effect and for which you are eligible to participate, with the exception of vacation. You would continue to be eligible to participate in those plans. You would receive four weeks of vacation time. These benefits will remain substantially similar until at least January 1, 2006 at which time we expect to merge former MIM and Chronimed employees into a single benefits program that would continue to be a valuable and competitive complement to the financial package described herein.

You are also eligible to participate in BioScrip's annual management bonus plan as long as you remain continuously employed with BioScrip through the last date of the fiscal year on which a bonus is based. Your BioScrip target bonus opportunity would be 45% of your base salary, or \$123,750; with an upside opportunity of up to another 22.5% or \$61,875. Keep in mind that your 2005 bonus opportunity will be pro-rated to reflect three quarters. The Plan is based on the achievement of corporate financial objectives as well as individual objectives; I will be distributing to you shortly the specifics of the bonus criteria and thresholds determining bonus entitlement.

Long-Term Incentive Compensation

To facilitate your sharing in the long-term success of BioScrip and to align your interests with those of BioScrip's shareholders, BioScrip's Compensation Committee has granted you 155,250 options to purchase BioScrip's common stock, at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share. As we discussed, this number represents 150% of the base grant, is subject to forfeiture in the event that certain financial performance thresholds are not met, and shall be subject to the terms and conditions of a stock option agreement that you will receive shortly. For so long as you are

10900 Red Circle Drive

Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343

952-979-3600

www.bioscrip.com

employed with BioScrip, you will be eligible to participate in BioScrip's Long Term Incentive Plan.

In future years, targets will be set at the beginning of each year and a performance-based grant will be made at the end of the year consistent with directives of the Compensation Committee.

The Company reserves the right to modify, amend or terminate the terms and provisions, thresholds and/or benchmarks of any health or other company benefits, the bonus program, the long term incentive compensation program or any other benefit or program generally available to you from time to time and at any time; provided, that any such modification, amendment or termination will not affect your entitlement to amounts or benefits to be received thereunder and no such modifications, amendments or termination will adversely affect you for periods prior to the effective date thereof.

Non Competition & Nondisclosure Agreement

As a condition of continued employment, you will be required to review, complete, and sign the Restrictive Covenants attached to this offer letter. The job offer and benefits described herein, shall supersede all prior or current verbal or written arrangements you have with Chronimed Inc.

Please note that this letter does not constitute a guarantee of continued employment for any term. Under this offer, you will remain an "at will" employee, as you are currently, but of course, subject to the Agreement. Under the Agreement, if you accept this offer, then, during the one year period commencing on the date you begin performing services in accordance with this offer, if (i) BioScrip terminates your employment without cause, (ii) you terminate your employment for Good Reason, (iii) the Company delivers a notice of termination of the June 14, 2004 Change of Control Severance Agreement or (iv) fails to assign said agreement to a successor employer, then you shall be entitled to receive the severance benefit described in Section 4 of the Agreement.

Greg, I believe that BioScrip is in an excellent position to sustain and enhance its success and growth. I would like you to be a part of that effort. Please confirm your decision as soon as possible, but within 30 days, acknowledging your acceptance by signing, dating, and returning the original of this letter and the enclosed forms to me. A copy is enclosed for your records.

This letter agreement supersedes in all respects the prior letter agreement between you and your Company dated June 2, 2005.

Sincerely,

/s/ Henry Blissenbach

Henry Blissenbach
Chief Executive Officer

Agreed and accepted:

/s/ Gregory H. Keane

Name

8/8/05

Date

Please return this letter to:

Colleen Haberman
Vice President, Human Resources

10900 Red Circle Drive

Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343

952-979-3600

www.bioscrip.com



July 18, 2005

Tony Zappa
BioScrip

Dear Tony,

I am pleased that the BioScrip board of directors has approved the executive compensation arrangements. I want you to be part of the future success of the company and, accordingly, am pleased to formally extend to you this offer of continued employment with BioScrip.

I believe this offer package is fair and competitive and provides substantial opportunity for you to share in the success of the integration process and the future growth of BioScrip. It is intended that the arrangements discussed here are privileged communications between you, the Compensation Committee, and myself and may not be disclosed or communicated without their consent.

Job Title and Authority

Your position would be Executive Vice President, Community Pharmacy Operations. In that capacity, you would be responsible for carrying out your responsibilities as per the attached job description.

Salary, Benefits and Annual Incentives

Your total cash compensation opportunity is \$424,000. It is derived as follows:

Your base salary would be \$265,000 per year, payable on a bi-weekly basis. I have attached a summary of all employee benefit plans, programs and policies currently in effect and for which you are eligible to participate, with the exception of vacation. You would continue to be eligible to participate in those plans. You would receive four weeks of vacation time. These benefits will remain substantially similar until at least January 1, 2006 at which time we expect to merge former MIM and Chronimed employees into a single benefits program that would continue to be a valuable and competitive complement to the financial package described herein.

You are also eligible to participate in BioScrip's annual management bonus plan as long as you remain continuously employed with BioScrip through the last date of the fiscal year on which a bonus is based. Your BioScrip target bonus opportunity would be 40% of your base salary, or \$106,000; with an upside opportunity of up to another 20% or \$53,000. Keep in mind that your 2005 bonus opportunity will be pro-rated to reflect three quarters. The Plan is based on the achievement of corporate financial objectives as well as individual objectives; I will be distributing to you shortly the specifics of the bonus criteria and thresholds determining bonus entitlement.

Long-Term Incentive Compensation

To facilitate your sharing in the long-term success of BioScrip and to align your interests with those of BioScrip's shareholders, BioScrip's Compensation Committee has granted you 103,500 options to purchase BioScrip's common stock, at an exercise price of \$6.00 per share. As we discussed, this number represents 150% of the base grant, is subject to forfeiture in the event that certain financial performance thresholds are not met, and shall be subject to the terms and conditions of a stock option agreement that you will receive shortly. For so long as you are employed with BioScrip, you will be eligible to participate in BioScrip's Long Term Incentive Plan.

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Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343

952-979-3600

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In future years, targets will be set at the beginning of each year and a performance-based grant will be made at the end of the year consistent with directives of the Compensation Committee. The Company reserves the right to modify, amend or terminate the terms and provisions, thresholds and/or benchmarks of any health or other company benefits, the bonus program, the long term incentive compensation program or any other benefit or program generally available to you from time to time and at any time; provided, that any such modification, amendment or termination will not affect your entitlement to amounts or benefits to be received thereunder and no such modifications, amendments or termination will adversely affect you for periods prior to the effective date thereof.

Non Competition & Nondisclosure Agreement

As a condition of continued employment, you will be required to review, complete, and sign the Restrictive Covenants attached to this offer letter. The job offer and benefits described herein, shall supersede all prior or current verbal or written arrangements you have with Chronimed Inc.

Please note that this letter does not constitute a guarantee of continued employment for any term. Under this offer, you will remain an "at will" employee, as you are currently, but of course, subject to the Agreement. Under the Agreement, if you accept this offer, then, during the one year period commencing on the date you begin performing services in accordance with this offer, if (i) BioScrip terminates your employment without cause, (ii) you terminate your employment for Good Reason, (iii) the Company delivers a notice of termination of the January 3, 2005 Amended and Restated Employment Agreement by and among Chronimed, Inc. and you or (iv) fails to assign said agreement to a successor employer, then you shall be entitled to receive the severance benefit described in Section 4 of the Agreement.

Tony, I believe that BioScrip is in an excellent position to sustain and enhance its success and growth. I would like you to be a part of that effort. Please confirm your decision as soon as possible, but within 30 days, acknowledging your acceptance by signing, dating, and returning the original of this letter and the enclosed forms to me. A copy is enclosed for your records.

Sincerely,

/s/ Henry Blissenbach

Henry Blissenbach
Chief Executive Officer

Agreed and accepted:

/s/ Tony Zappa

Name

8/9/05

Date

Please return this letter to:

Colleen Haberman
Vice President, Human Resources
10900 Red Circle Drive
Minnetonka, MN 55343

10900 Red Circle Drive

Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343

952-979-3600

www.bioscrip.com



July 18, 2005

Mr. Anthony Zappa

Re: Amendment No. 2 to Change of Control Severance Agreement

Dear Tony:

Reference is made to that certain Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, undated, between BioScrip, Inc. and you (as amended from time to time, the "Agreement"). This letter shall serve to amend the Agreement as follows:

1. Section 3.E.(iii) of the Agreement is hereby amended to add to the definition of "Good Reason" the following new subsection e., which shall read as follows:
 - e. [Employee no longer reporting directly to the Company's Chief Executive Officer as of the date hereof as the result of a change of reporting structure.]
2. Except as set forth herein, the terms and provisions of the Agreement shall remain unmodified and in full force and effect.

Kindly signify your agreement to the foregoing by signing below and forward an executed copy to me for our files.

Sincerely,

BioScrip, Inc.

/s/ Henry F. Blissenbach

By: Henry F. Blissenbach

Agreed and Accepted this 9th day of July, 2005:

/s/ Anthony Zappa

By: Mr. Anthony Zappa

10900 Red Circle Drive

Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343

952-979-3600

www.bioscrip.com

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Henry F. Blissenbach, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BioScrip, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2005

/s/ Henry F. Blissenbach

Henry F. Blissenbach, Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Gregory H. Keane, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of BioScrip, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 9, 2005

/s/ Gregory H. Keane

Gregory H. Keane, Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of BioScrip, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Henry F. Blissenbach, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 9, 2005

/s/ Henry F. Blissenbach

Henry F. Blissenbach, Chief Executive Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of BioScrip, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2005, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Gregory H. Keane, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, do hereby certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: August 9, 2005

/s/ Gregory H. Keane

Gregory H. Keane, Chief Financial Officer